

Cultural Information- Cymbalaria (sim-buh-LAR-ee-uh)

Light:	Full or partial sun, a southern, eastern or western exposure. If plants get leggy, increase the light level.
Temperature:	Maintain indoor temperatures above 32°.
Humidity:	Best to maintain humidity above 50% although it will tolerate lower levels without harm.
Watering:	Even moisture is preferred although they will tolerate some wilt. Be sure that the potting mix is well drained.
Fertilizer:	Moderate feeder under warmth and high light. Feed with a balanced fertilizer no higher than a 15-15-15 at regular intervals through its active growing season. For northern growers, discontinue during the winter.
Pruning:	As they are trailing and climbing vines, they can be trimmed any time the growth is excessive.
Insects and Disease:	They are not bothered much by insects. Foliar diseases can be a problem when grown in high heat and under excessive fertilizer.
<u>Comments:</u>	Cymbalaria are easy and fast growing plants that work well as grown cover or fillers for hanging baskets. They quickly form a mat of foliage and in the summer months can be covered with small lavender flowers. Too much feed, low light and excessive water can cause problems in culture.